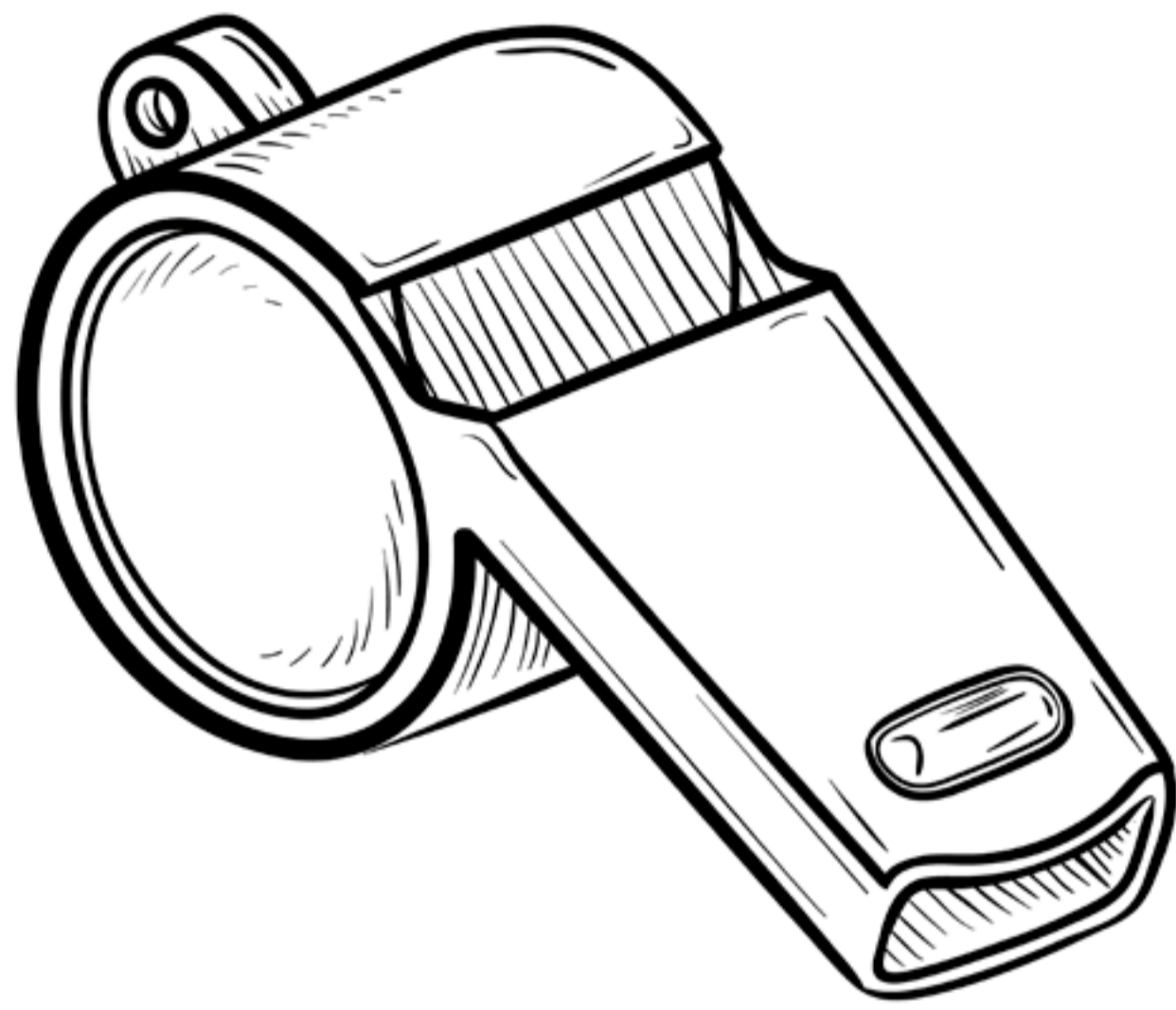


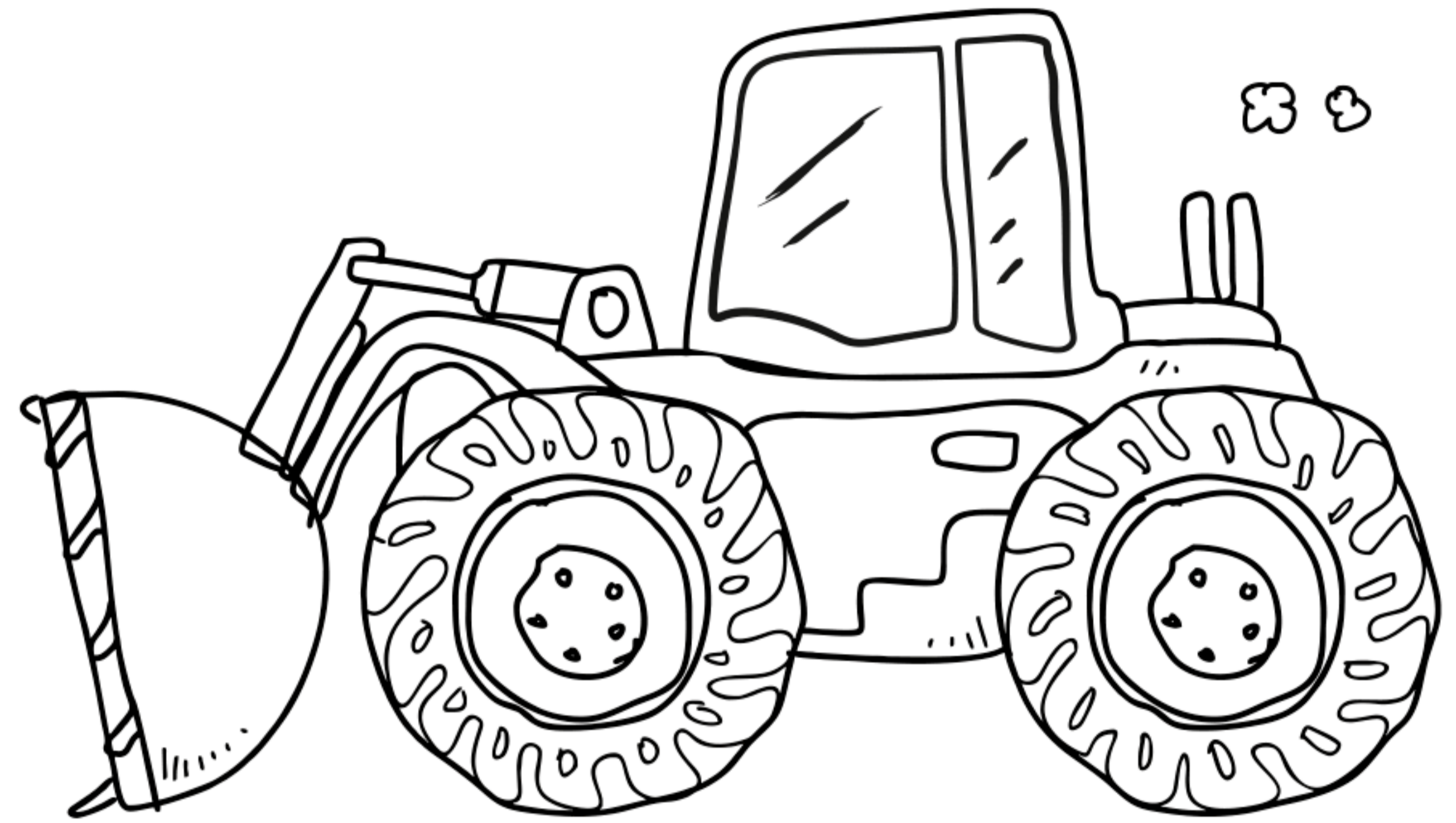
L'ALTEZZA DEL SUONO

Le caratteristiche del suono sono tre: **altezza**, **intensità** e **timbro**.

L'**altezza** permette di distinguere un suono **acuto** (alto) da uno **grave** (basso).

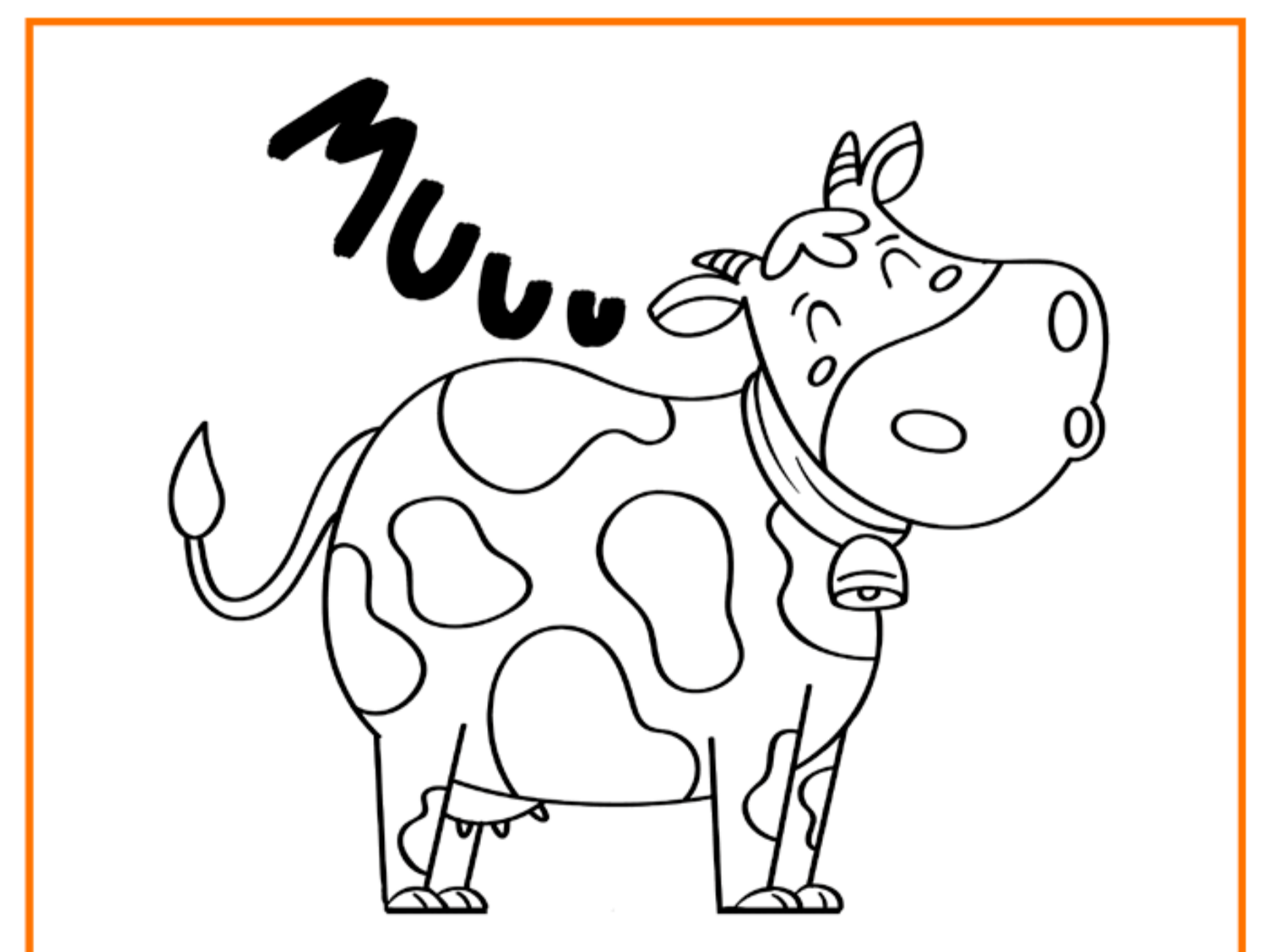
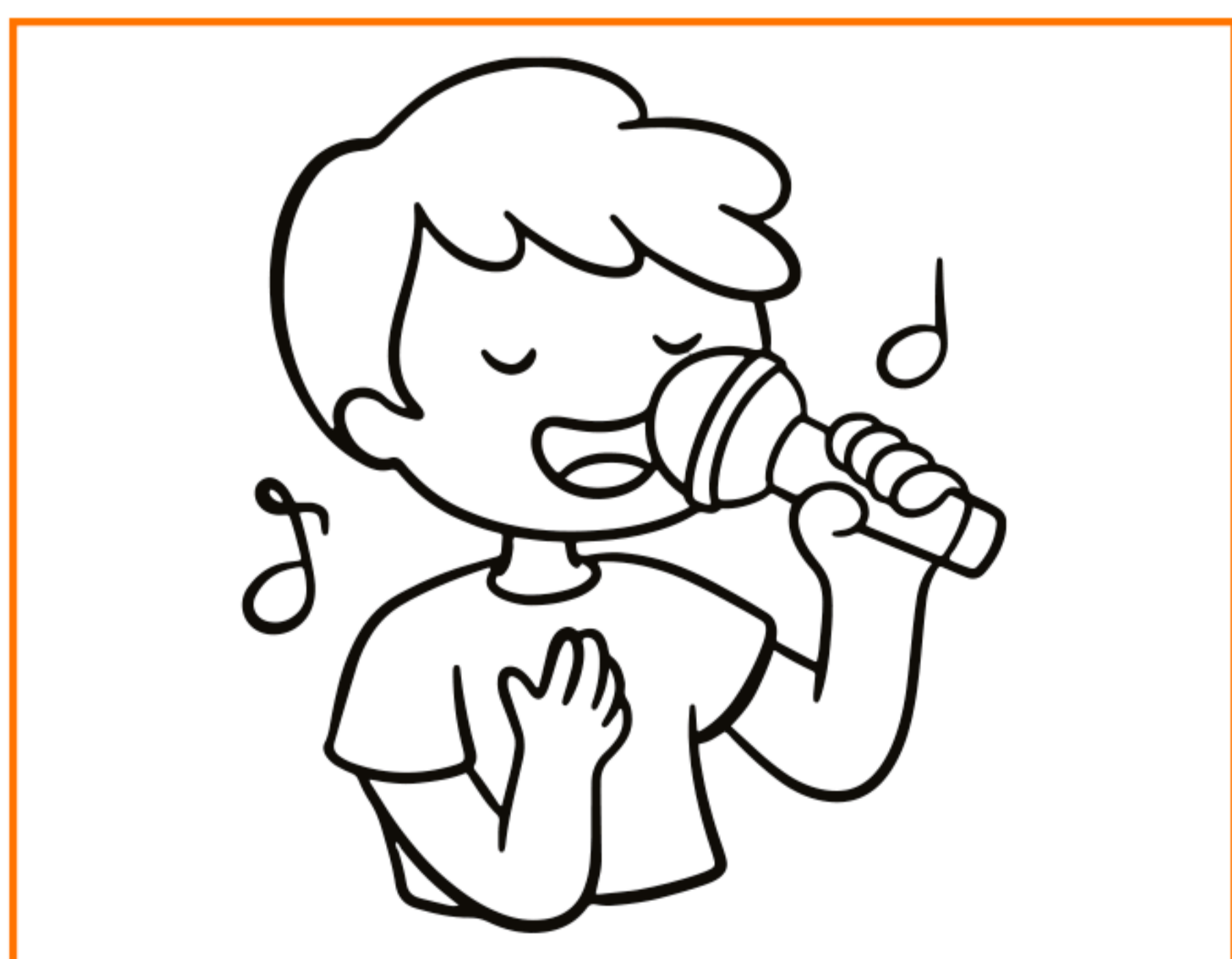
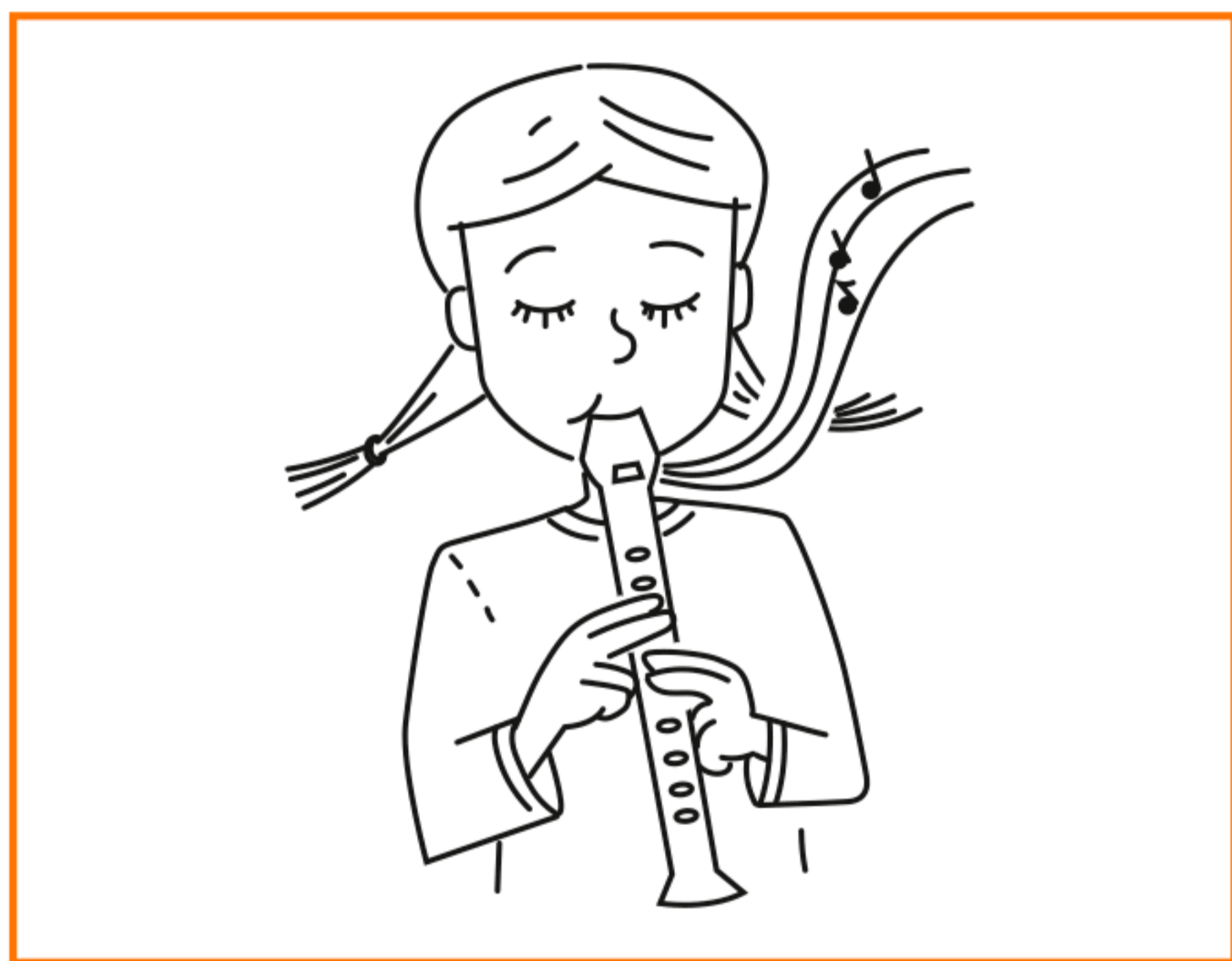


ACUTO



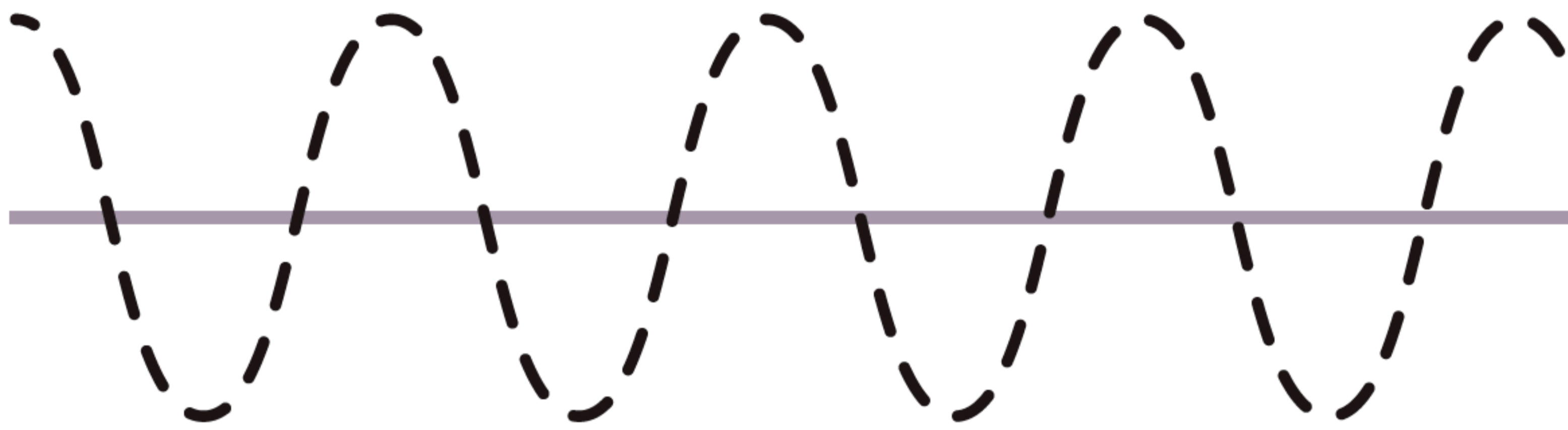
GRAVE

■ Scrivi sui puntini ACUTO o GRAVE, a seconda del suono che vedi illustrato.

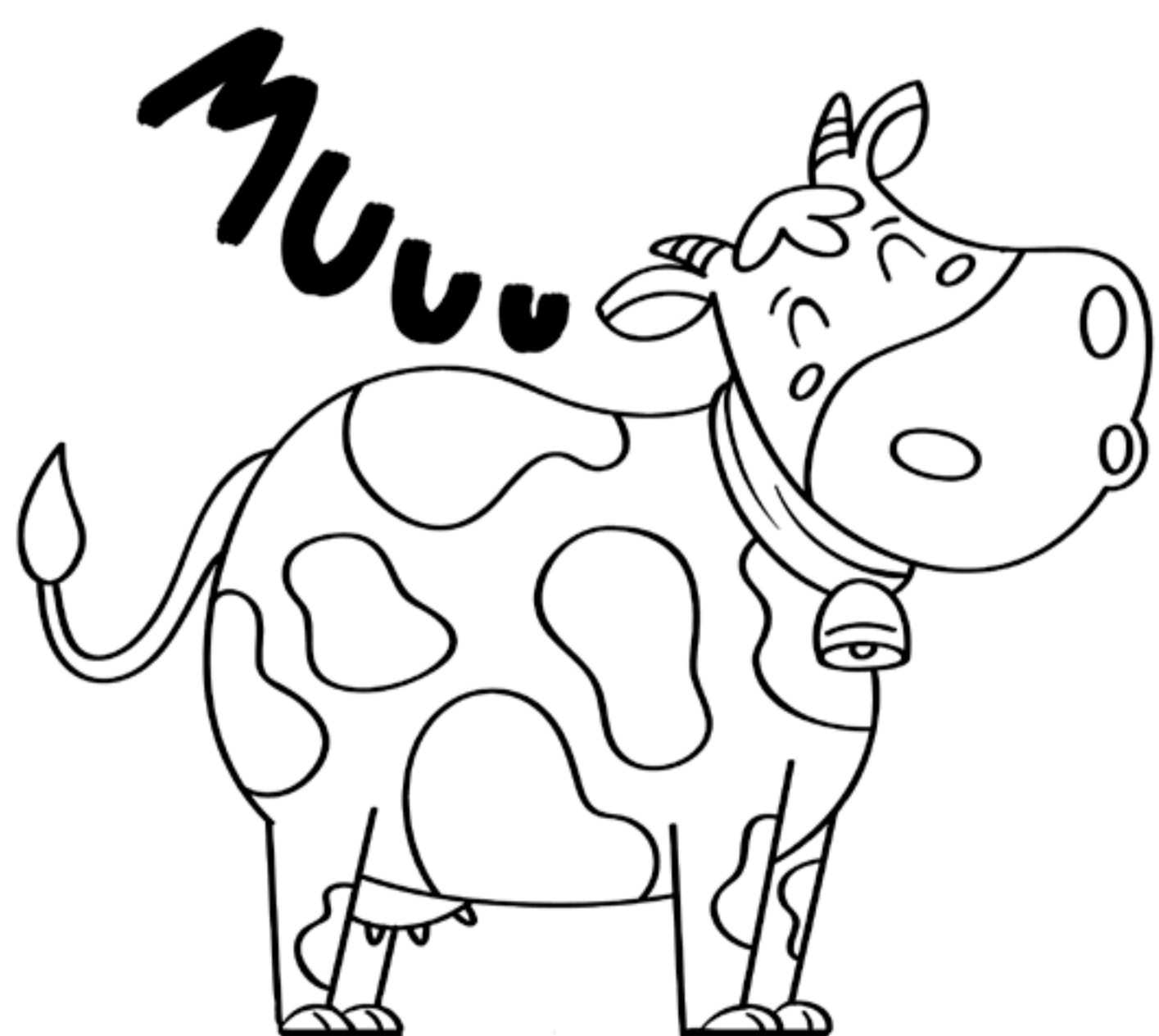
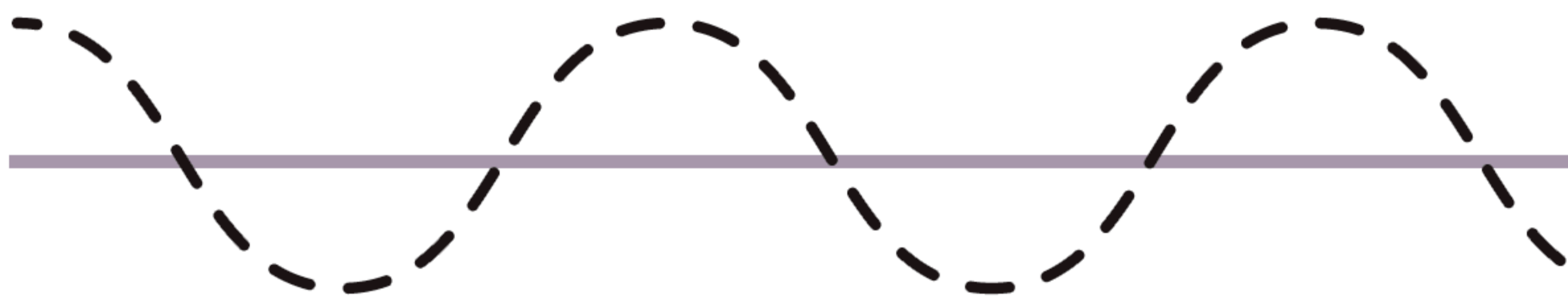


L'ALTEZZA DEL SUONO

- COMPLETA IL DISEGNO DELLE DUE ONDE SONORE E POI SCRIVI SE SI TRATTA DI UN SUONO ACUTO O DI UNO SUONO GRAVE.



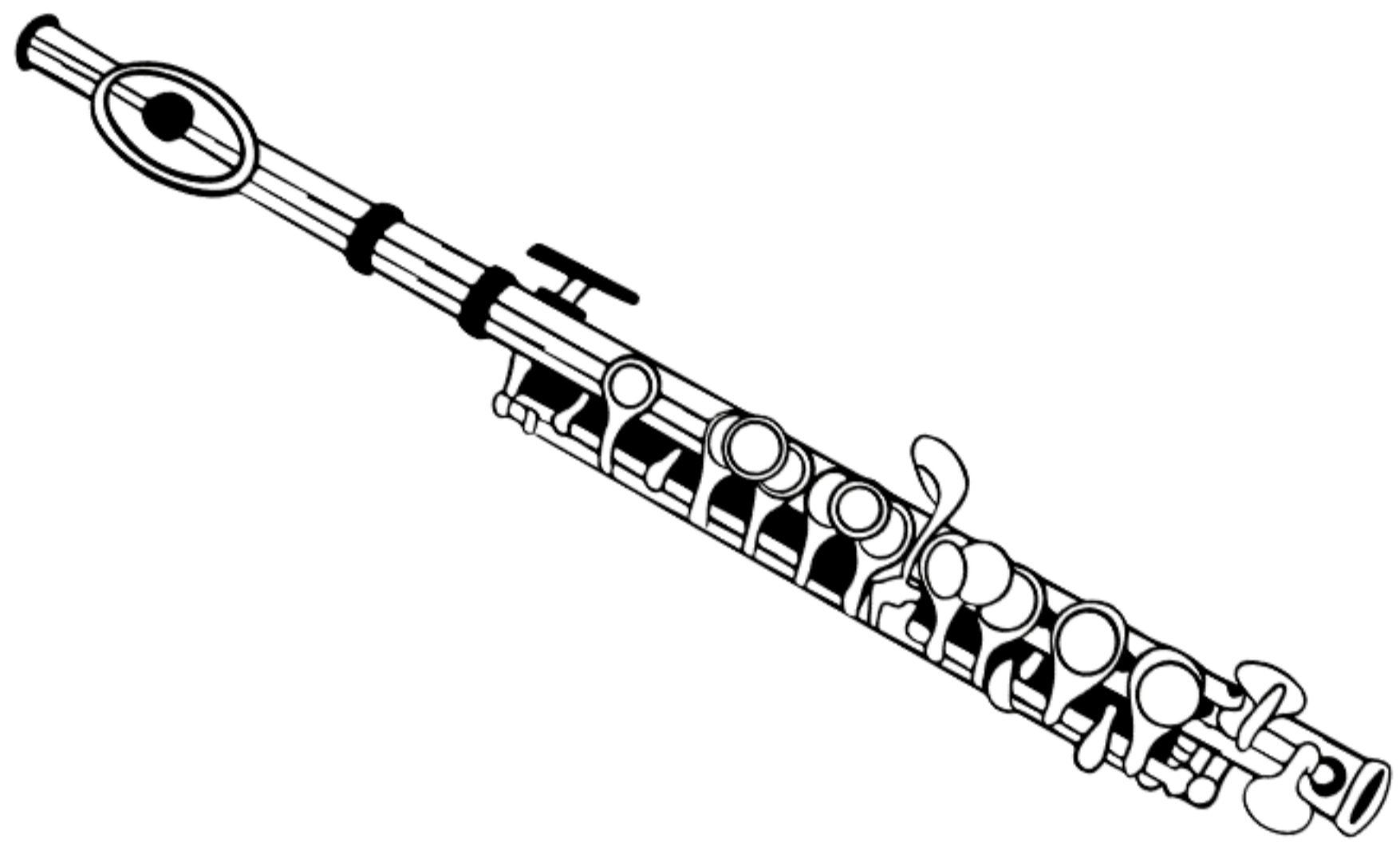
SUONO



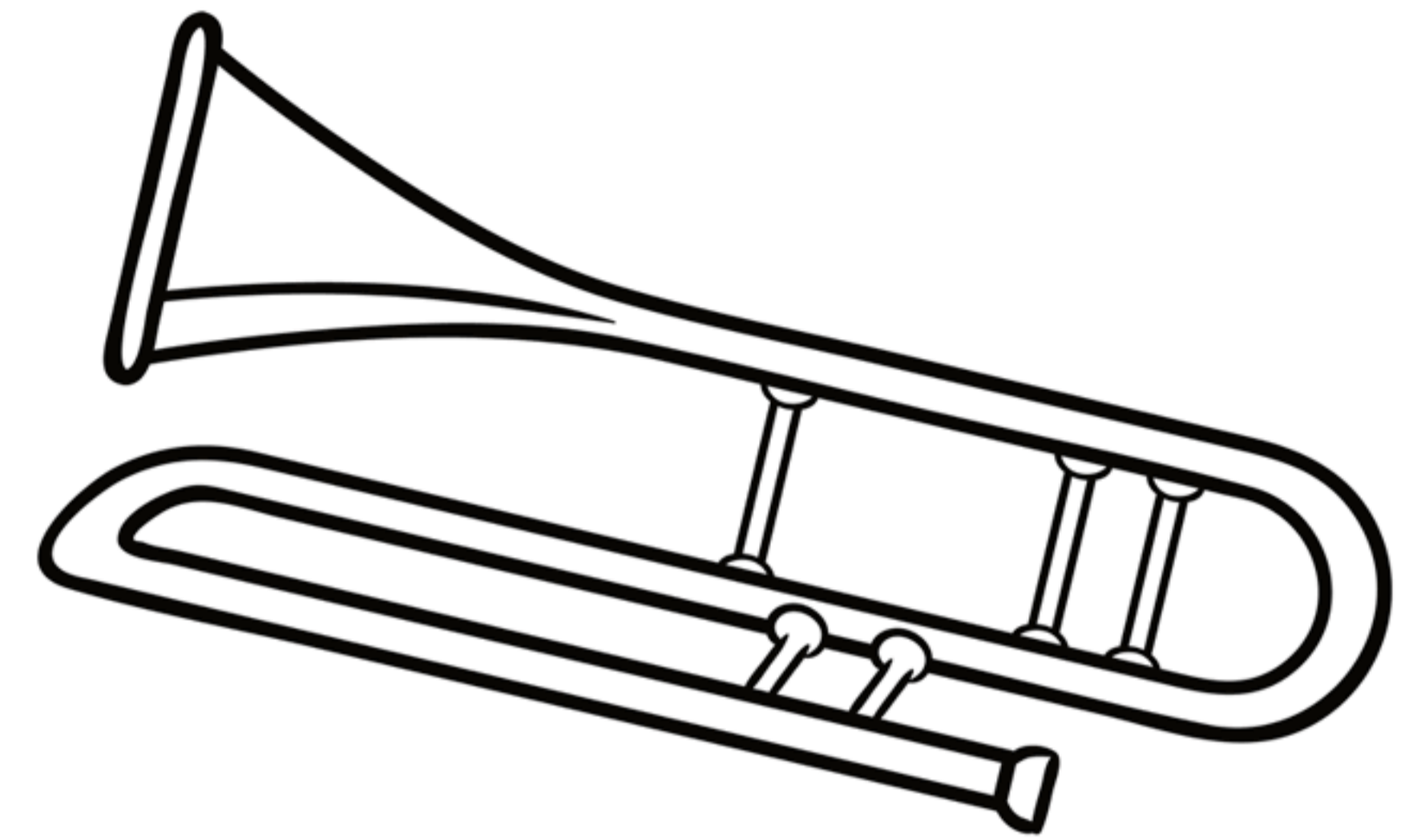
SUONO

L'ALTEZZA DEL SUONO

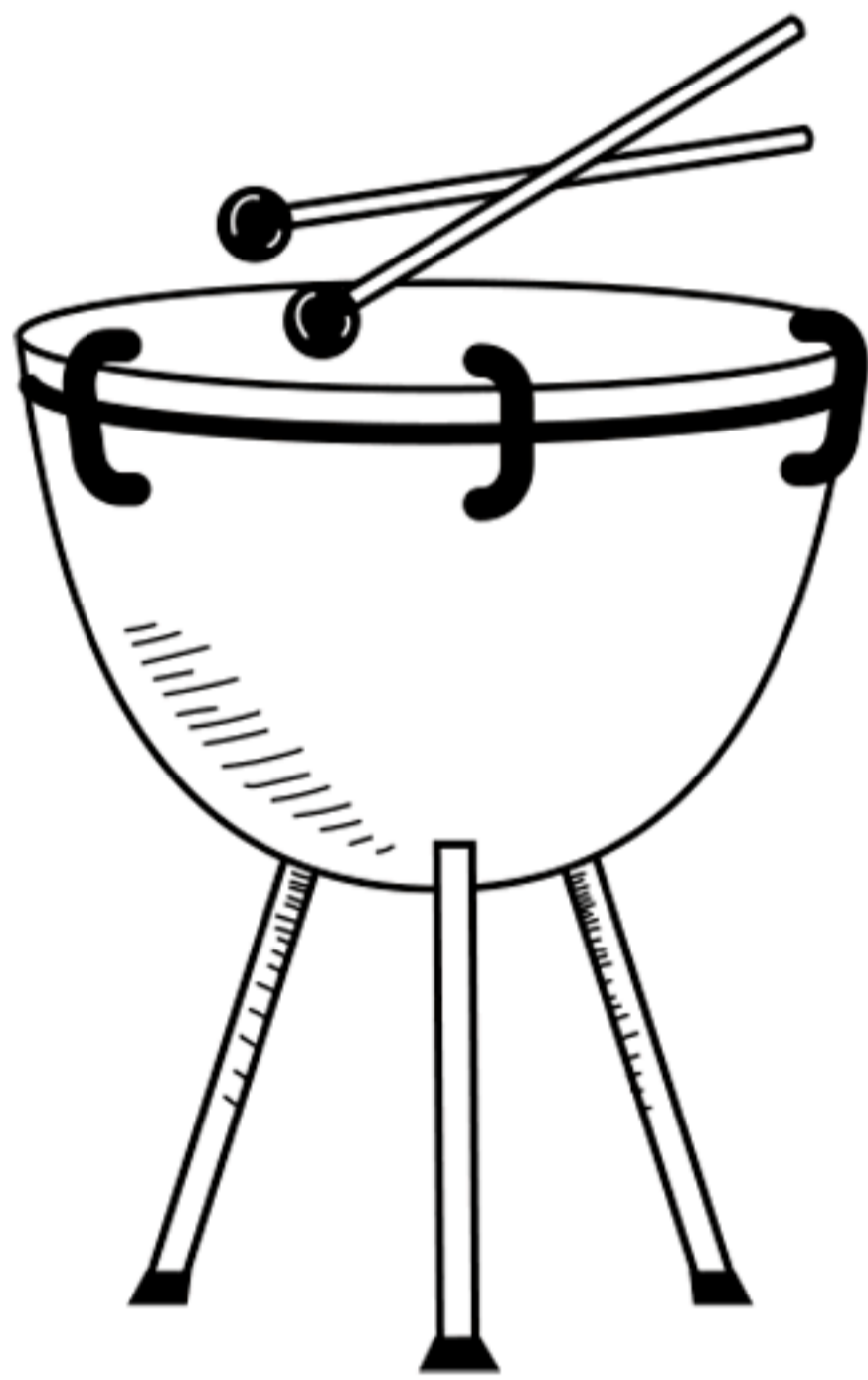
- OSSERVA I SEGUENTI STRUMENTI MUSICALI E SCRIVI NEL CERCHIETTO UNA **A** PER QUELLI CHE PRODUCONO UN SUONO ACUTO ED UNA **G** PER QUELLI CON UN SUONO GRAVE.



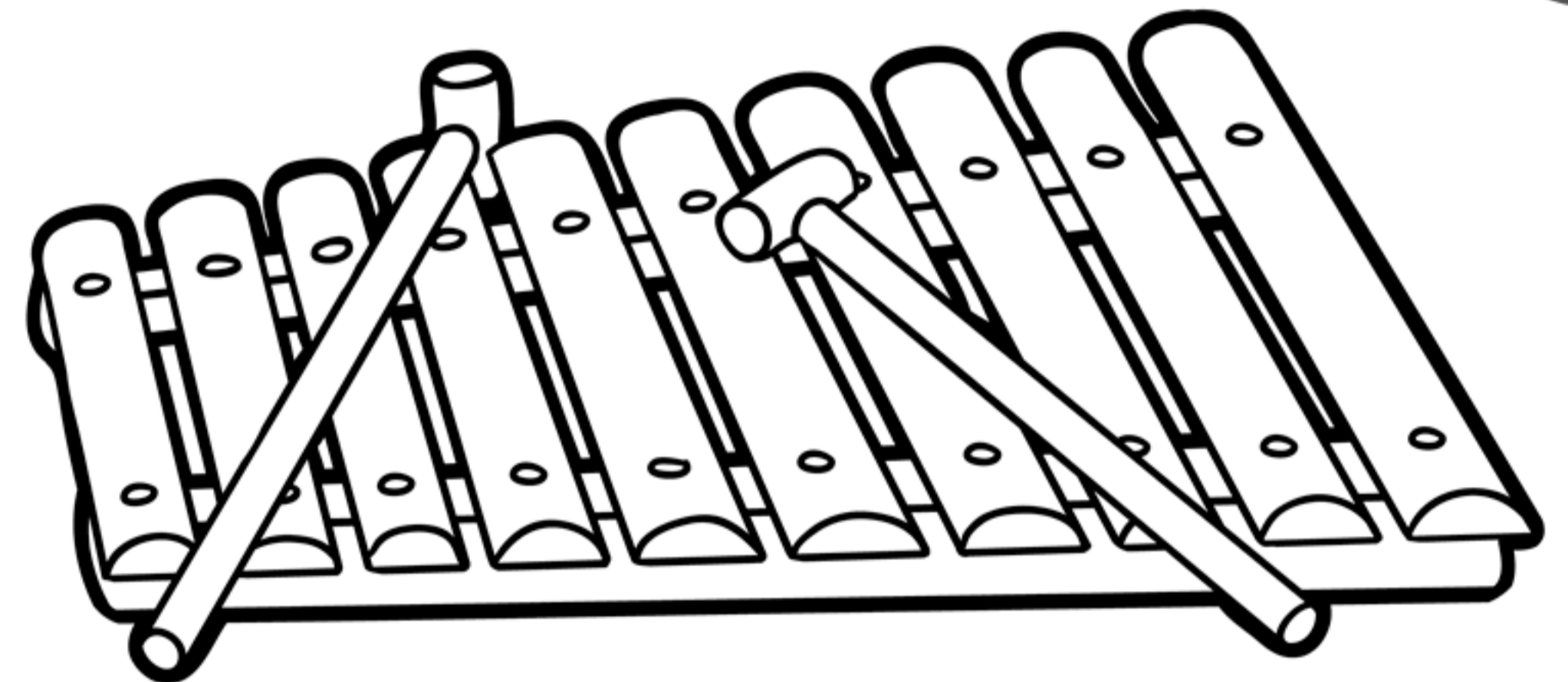
OTTAVINO



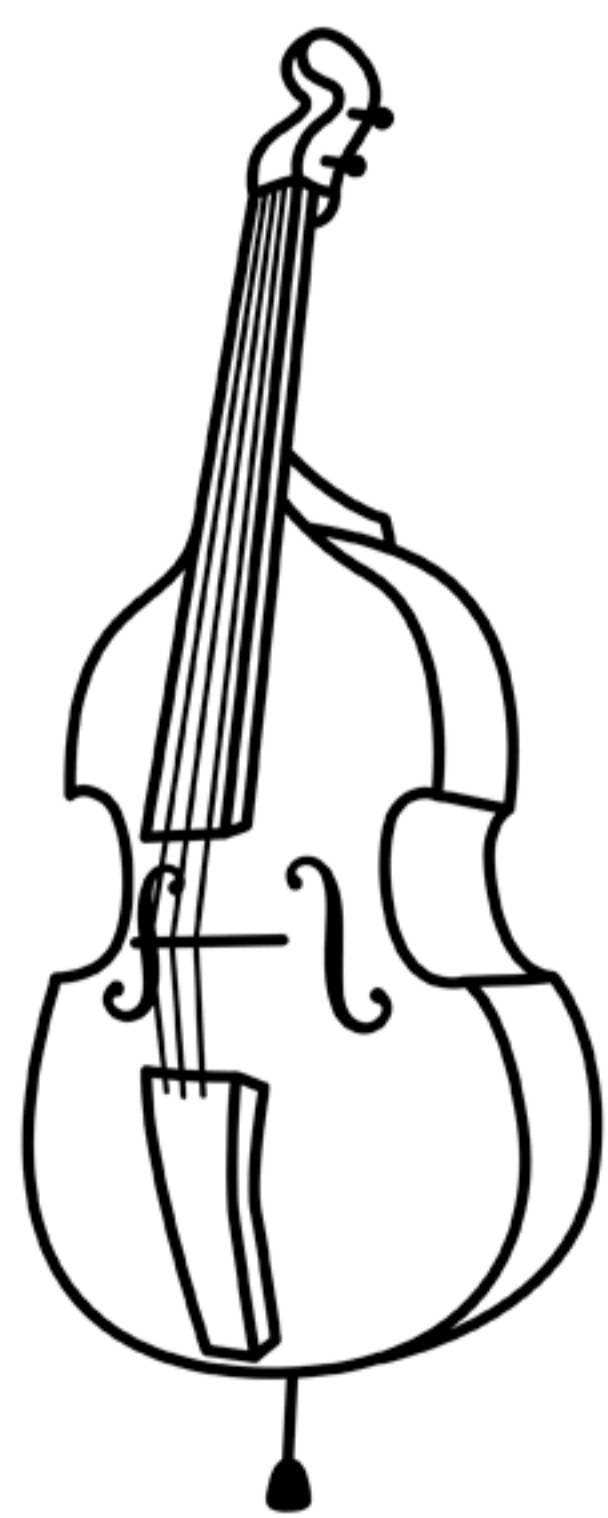
TROMBONE



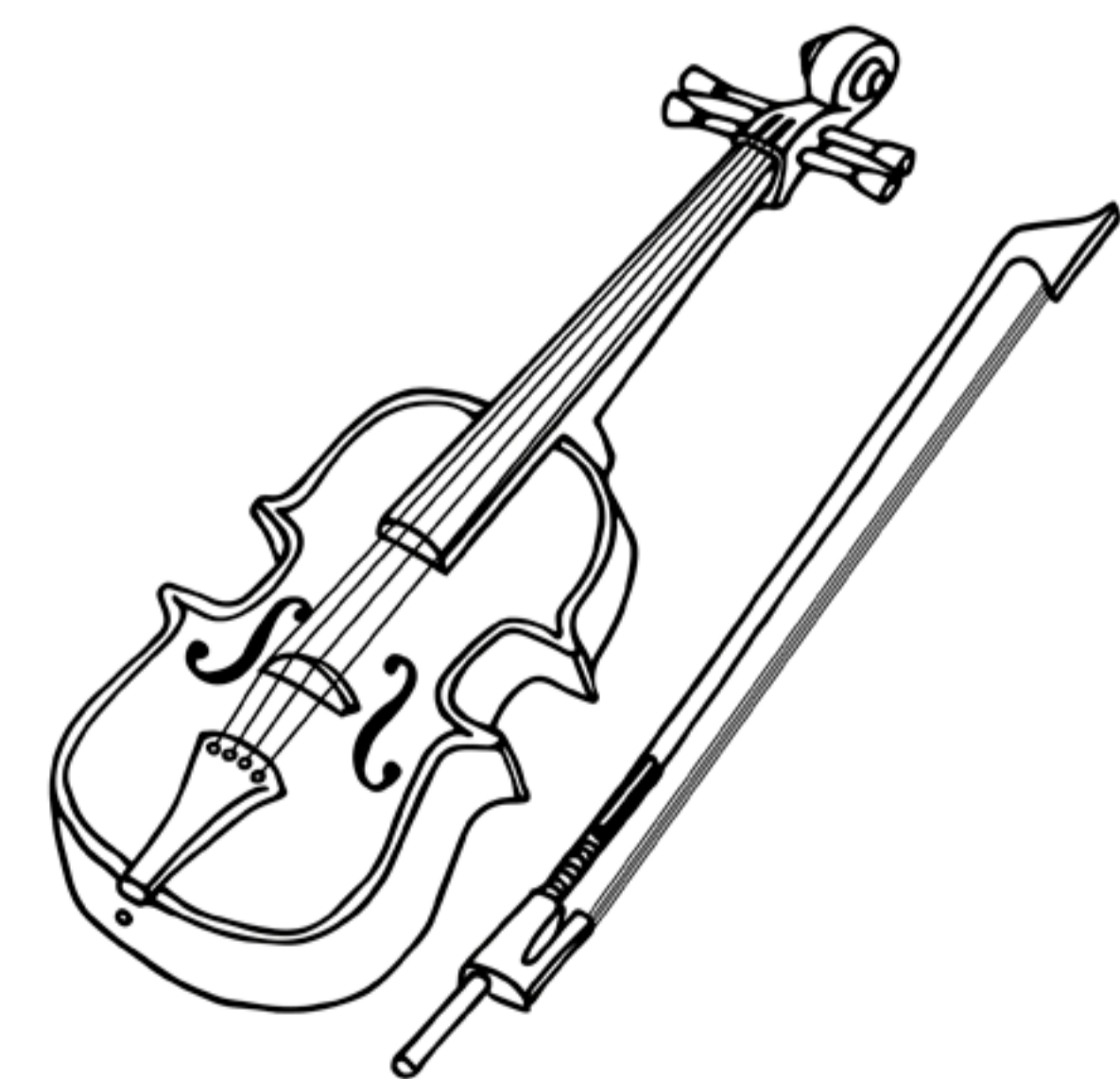
TIMPANO



XILOFONO



CONTRABBASSO



VIOLINO